

Quarterly Asset Allocation View

Q1 2024

Multi-Asset Solutions Team



Key Global Themes



US. Recession: the worst-case scenario for markets?

- We expect the U.S. economy to post two consecutive quarters of negative GDP growth, but regardless of whether we meet the technical definition of a recession, lending activity, consumer spending, capital investment, and corporate earnings are likely to weaken in the coming six months.
- This next recession could be different: Continued resilience in the labor and housing sectors as well as signs of a recovery in the manufacturing sector could limit any expected negative impact on growth. Financial markets, which are forward-looking by nature, may well ignore what's in front of them and look straight through to the recovery on the other side of the recession.
- A soft landing in which growth slows but remains positive may create a more challenging environment for markets, particularly if such an outcome encourages central banks to remain hawkish. In this scenario, economic growth could stagnate and might remain below 1% for a prolonged period, leading to a more difficult environment for investors.

U.S.:

- We may be forecasting a U.S. recession; however, active asset allocation processes aren't based on absolutes. Rather, they're based on the concept of relative values and opportunities. In that sense, we believe the U.S. markets continue to offer better opportunity for investors as global growth slows. The U.S. economy continues to benefit from a resilient consumer, a strong labour market, and slowing inflation.

Europe and other Developed Markets:

- 2024 could be challenging for Europe as the region confronts weakness in both its services and manufacturing sectors. Growth in developed economies such as Canada and Australia may be capped because they tend to be more sensitive to elevated interest rates.

Emerging markets:

- Emerging-market economies could also struggle under the weight of higher oil prices, slower Chinese growth, and a strong U.S. dollar. That said, the current negative sentiment toward Mainland China may be overdone, creating some near-term tactical opportunities.

Source: Multi-Asset Solutions Team (MAST), as of November 2023. Projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, management discipline or other expectations are only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events will occur, and if they were to occur, the result may be significantly different than that shown here.

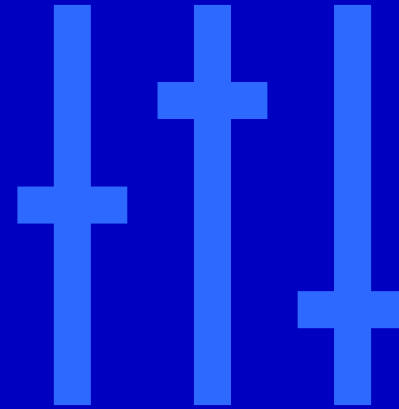
1

Asset Class Overview



2

Active Asset Allocation Views



3

Views on Key Asset Classes



1 Asset Class Overview



Broad Asset Class Outlook

Current outlook

• Represents previous quarter

Underweight

Neutral

Overweight

Broad Asset Classes	Equities			•
	Fixed Income	•		

Overweight equities

- We have an overweight stance on equities, driven by consumer resilience, continued support from corporate earnings, and seasonal strength. The recent pullback in the market and the potential end of the global rate-hiking cycle are also supportive of our view of the asset class. Recessionary pressures and unfavorable valuations relative to fixed income, however, are risks to this view.

Cautious on high-yield credit

- Within fixed income, we see less value in high-yield credit and believe that recession risks have been underpriced in that segment of the market. In our view, investors aren't adequately compensated for the shift down in quality, particularly in light of the yields that are on offer in the investment-grade space.

Source: Multi-Asset Solutions Team (MAST), as of 13 November 2023. Projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, management discipline or other expectations are only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events will occur, and if they were to occur, the result may be significantly different than that shown here. Information about asset allocation view is as of issue date and may vary.¹Active asset allocation views will be updated on a quarterly basis.

2 Asset Allocation View

Active Asset Allocation Views¹

• Represents previous quarter

Underweight

Neutral

Overweight

Asset class: Equities

	Underweight	Neutral	Overweight
United States			•
Canada	•		
Non-U.S. developed markets		•	
Europe	•		
Emerging Markets	•		
U.S. small cap			•
United Kingdom	•		
Japan			•
Emerging Latin America			•
APAC ex-Japan		•	
Mainland China	•		
Hong Kong	•		
Real estate investment trusts	•		
Infrastructure		•	
Commodities		•	

Asset Class: Fixed Income

U.S. investment grade		•	
Canadian investment grade		•	
Asia investment grade		•	
U.S. high yield	•		
Asia high yield		•	
Leveraged loans	•		
Emerging-market debt			•

Source: Multi-Asset Solutions Team (MAST), as of 13 November 2023. Projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, management discipline or other expectations are only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events will occur, and if they were to occur, the result may be significantly different than that shown here. Asia-Asset-Allocation-View-EN-hk-mkt.pdf

3

Equity View



Broad Equity:

- We have an overweight stance to U.S. equities, a neutral view on U.S. small cap, emerging-market equities, and non-U.S. developed markets equities, and an underweight in European equities.
- In our view, the United States continues to be the most resilient market globally, supported by a robust labor market and consumer strength. That said, things may change as excess savings are depleted. In terms of sectors, we **favour growth stocks over defensive stocks**.
- At the other end of the spectrum, we continue to see Europe as the least-attractive major equity market due to macroeconomic headwinds, including weakness in both the services and manufacturing sectors, along with tight credit standards. That said, corporate earnings in the region remain robust and valuations are discounted relative to global equities.

Regional/Sector-specific Equity:

- We continue to **overweight Japanese equities**. Dovish monetary policy relative to the rest of the developed world, a favorable fundamental picture, and a renewed corporate focus on shareholder value are factors that are supportive of the asset class.
- We see potential **near-term tactical upside for Chinese equities** as negative sentiment has, in our view, become overblown, and markets could benefit from the lagged effects of incremental policy easing. Generally speaking, equity valuations in Asian markets tip toward the favorable side of the equation.
- Despite an improvement in our view of Asian equities, we believe **emerging Latin American equities** continue to offer a more favourable way to find exposure to emerging markets, driven by macroeconomic strength.

Source: Multi-Asset Solutions Team (MAST), as of 13 November 2023. Projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, management discipline or other expectations are only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events will occur, and if they were to occur, the result may be significantly different than that shown here.

3

Fixed Income



Fixed Income:

- We've retained our **overweight stance on emerging-market debt**, driven by strong foreign exchange reserves, positive sovereign debt trends, and elevated spreads relative to U.S. corporate high yield.
- We have a **preference for investment-grade credit** relative to high-yield credit due to deteriorating profit margins and debt coverage metrics that we're seeing in the high-yield space.
- We are neutral on U.S. investment grade, **Asian investment-grade and Asian high-yield debt**, and underweight U.S. high yield and leveraged loans.

Disclaimer

Manulife Investment Management is the global wealth and asset management segment of Manulife Financial Corporation. The information and/or analysis contained in this material have been compiled or arrived at from sources believed to be reliable but Manulife Investment Management does not make any representation as to their accuracy, correctness, usefulness or completeness and does not accept liability for any loss arising from the use hereof or the information and/or analysis contained herein. Neither Manulife Investment Management or its affiliates, nor any of their directors, officers or employees shall assume any liability or responsibility for any direct or indirect loss or damage or any other consequence of any person acting or not acting in reliance on the information contained herein.

This material was prepared solely for educational and informational purposes and does not constitute a recommendation, professional advice, an offer, solicitation or an invitation by or on behalf of Manulife Investment Management to any person to buy or sell any security. Nothing in this material constitutes investment, legal, accounting or tax advice, or a representation that any investment or strategy is suitable or appropriate to your individual circumstances, or otherwise constitutes a personal recommendation to you. The economic trend analysis expressed in this material does not indicate any future investment performance result. This material was produced by and the opinions expressed are those of Manulife Investment Management as of the date of this publication, and are subject to change based on market and other conditions. Past performance is not an indication of future results. Investment involves risk, including the loss of principal. In considering any investment, if you are in doubt on the action to be taken, you should consult professional advisers.

Proprietary Information – Please note that this material must not be wholly or partially reproduced, distributed, circulated, disseminated, published or disclosed, in any form and for any purpose, to any third party without prior approval from Manulife Investment Management.

These materials have not been reviewed by, are not registered with any securities or other regulatory authority, and may, where appropriate, be distributed by the following Manulife entities in their respective jurisdictions.

Indonesia: PT Manulife AsetManajemen Indonesia. Malaysia: Manulife Investment Management (M) Berhad Registration No: 200801033087 (834424-U). Singapore: Manulife Investment Management (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (Company Registration Number: 200709952G). Vietnam: Manulife Investment Fund Management (Vietnam) Company Limited. Australia, South Korea and Hong Kong: Manulife Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited in Hong Kong and has not been reviewed by the HK Securities and Futures Commission (SFC). Philippines: Manulife Investment Management and Trust Corporation. Japan: Manulife Investment Management (Japan) Limited. Taiwan: Manulife Investment Management (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. (Investment is not protected by deposit insurance, insurance guaranty fund or other protection mechanism in Taiwan. For the disputes resulted from the investment, you may file a complaint to the Securities Investment Trust & Consulting Association of the R.O.C. or Financial Ombudsman Institution. License No. 106 Jin-Guan-Tou-Xin-Xin-008 "Independently operated by Manulife Investment Management (Taiwan) Co., Ltd." /6F., No.89, Songren Rd., Taipei, Taiwan 11073, Tel: (02)2757-5999, Customer Service: 0800-070-998.)

宏利資產管理為宏利金融旗下資產管理分部，並透過旗下一系列的公司及聯屬公司，為全球各主要市場的機構投資者、投資基金及個人客戶提供全面的資產管理服務，並擅長管理不同類型的資產，並為客戶制訂資產分配策略。本資料本公司經授權使用僅供參考，請勿將本資料視為買賣基金或其他任何投資之建議或要約。本公司相信此資料均取自可靠之來源，惟並不保證其係絕對正確無誤。如有任何錯誤，本公司及員工將不負任何法律責任。本公司就此資料中發表其意見及看法，可能會隨時作出修改。未經授權不得複製、修改或散發引用。106金管投信新字第008號「宏利投信 獨立經營管理」

THE SECURITIES BEING OFFERED OR SOLD HEREIN HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE. ANY FUTURE OFFER OR SALE OF THE SECURITIES IS SUBJECT TO THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE CODE UNLESS SUCH OFFER OR SALE QUALIFIES AS AN EXEMPT TRANSACTION.



Manulife

Investment Management